## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

FRANCISCO RAMOS, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

-against-

ALEX AUTO PARTS, INC., ALEXANDER MEZO, JUAN CARLOS CALDERON, and EDWIN FERNANDEZ, as individuals,

Defendants.

ANALISA TORRES, District Judge:

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 7/17/2020

20 Civ. 5079 (AT) (GWG)

**ORDER** 

To conserve resources, to promote judicial efficiency, and in an effort to achieve a faster disposition of this matter, it is hereby ORDERED that the parties discuss whether they are willing to consent, under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge.

If all parties consent to proceed before the Magistrate Judge, counsel for Defendants shall, by October 29, 2020, email a fully executed Notice, Consent, and Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge form, available at <a href="https://nysd.uscourts.gov/node/754">https://nysd.uscourts.gov/node/754</a> and attached to this order, to Orders\_and\_Judgments@nysd.uscourts.gov. If the Court approves that form, all further proceedings will then be conducted before the assigned Magistrate Judge rather than before me. An information sheet on proceedings before magistrate judges is also attached to this order. Any appeal would be taken directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, as it would be if the consent form were not signed and so ordered.

If any party does not consent to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge, the parties must file a joint letter, by October 29, 2020, advising the Court that the parties do not consent, but without disclosing the identity of the party or parties who do not consent. The parties are free to withhold consent without negative consequences.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: July 17, 2020

New York, New York

ANALISA TORRES United States District Judge AO 85 (Rev. 01/09) Notice, Consent, and Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge

UNITED	STATES DISTRICT COUR	T
	for the	
	District of	
Plaintiff V. Defendant	) ) Civil Action No. )	
	ourt of appeals like any other judgment of thi	is court is available to conduct all inal judgment. The judgment may
substantive consequences. The name of any par be involved with your case.	rity. The following parties consent to have	l to any judge who may otherwise  a United States magistrate judge
Parties' printed names	Signatures of parties or attorneys	Dates
IT IS ORDERED: This case is referr order the entry of a final judgment in accordan	Reference Order  red to a United States magistrate judge to c	
Date:		ge's signature
	Printed na	me and title
Note: Return this form to the clerk of court of	only if you are consenting to the exercise of	f jurisdiction by a United States

magistrate judge. Do not return this form to a judge.



## UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGES: REFERRALS AND CONSENTS

All cases in the Southern District of New York are assigned to two judges: a district judge and a magistrate judge. District judges are appointed for life terms by the President. Magistrate judges are selected by a majority vote of the district judges in the particular district and serve terms of eight years.

Referrals to the Magistrate Judge. The district judge assigned to your case may refer the case to a magistrate judge for specific purposes. Commonly, the referral will be for the magistrate judge to conduct the proceedings that occur before trial, such as resolving discovery disputes or presiding over settlement conferences. A referral may also be made for the magistrate judge to issue to the district judge a report and recommendation on how to resolve a motion, such as a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary judgment. The consent of the parties is not needed for the district judge to refer the case to the magistrate judge for these purposes. If the district judge has made such a referral, you can ask the district judge to review any magistrate judge's decision by filing an objection with the district judge within fourteen days of that decision. The district judge will rule on any timely objections that you file. If you do not file an objection, you will give up your right to challenge the magistrate judge's decision at a later time, including on appeal. See Rule 72 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Consent to Proceed Before the Magistrate Judge. If you would like your case to move more quickly, it is helpful to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge for all purposes, including any trial. If you consent, the magistrate judge will perform the identical function that the district judge would have performed. Any trial in your case would be either a jury or a nonjury trial, depending upon whether there is a right to a jury trial and a proper request for such a trial. The only difference is that the magistrate judge – and not the district judge – would preside over that trial. Cases that proceed for all purposes before a magistrate judge generally move more quickly than cases before a district judge. If you consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, the district judge plays no further role in the case. Any appeal is taken directly to the Court of Appeals. It is your choice whether or not to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, and all parties must consent or the case will not proceed before the magistrate judge.

A copy of the appropriate consent form is attached. Additional forms are also available from the Pro Se Intake Unit and on the Court's website.

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PRO SE INTAKE UNIT: 212-805-0175

Rev. 1/20/15